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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/707,184	11/25/2003	Peter T. Kazlas	Н-360	1183
²⁶²⁴⁵ DAVID J COLI	7590 04/28/200 E	EXAMINER		
E INK CORPO 733 CONCORI	RATION	NGUYEN, KHIEM D		
	MA 02138-1002		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2823	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/28/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/707,184	KAZLAS ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	KHIEM D. NGUYEN	2823			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Fe</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12,14,15 and 24-26 is/are pending i 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12,14,15 and 24-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	vn from consideration.				
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/17/09.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

- This is responsive to Applicants' Amendment filed on February 02nd, 2009.
 Accordingly, claims 1-12, 14, 15 and 24-26 are pending in this application.
- 2. Applicants' argument, see (page 3, lines 7-26), filed on February 02nd, 2009 with respect to the rejection of claims 1-2 and 5-11 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) and claims 3-4, 12, 14, 15 and 24-26 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the non-final rejection as set forth in Paper No. 20080812 mailed on August 14th, 2008 has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground of rejection is made in view of newly discovered reference, Blackwell et al. (U.S. Patent 5,288,541) and Iwanaga et al. (U.S. Patent 6,033,742). The IDS filed on March 17th, 2009 has been considered, please find enclosed the acknowledged copy of the 1449 form.

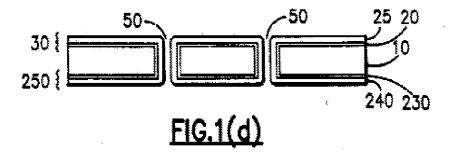
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-12, 14, 15 and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blackwell et al. (U.S. Patent 5,288,541) in view of Iwanaga et al. (U.S. Patent 6,033,742).

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In re claim 1, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> disclose a backplane for use in an electrooptic display, the backplane comprising a patterned metal foil **240** having a
plurality of apertures **50** extending therethrough, coated on at least one side with
an insulating polymeric material **10**, and having an integrated circuit device **280**provided on the insulating polymeric material **10**, whereby the insulating
polymeric material **10** separates the integrated circuit device **280** from the
patterned metal foil **240** (see col. 6, line 62 to col. 7, line 19, col. 10, lines 15-49
and FIGS. 1(a)-(g)).

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Blackwell et al. do not specifically disclose a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material.

<u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose a plurality of thin film transistors (TFTs) **32** provided on the insulating polymeric substrate **31** (see col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B).

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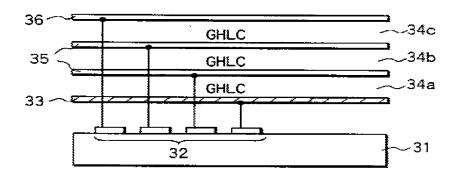


FIG. 5B

As <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclosed, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide a plurality of thin film electronic devices on the insulating polymeric material in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to modify **Blackwell et al.** reference with a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material as taught by **Iwanaga et al.** in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 2, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> in combination with <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the apertures **50** are arranged on a rectangular grid (see col. 7, lines 51-62 and FIGS. 1(a)-(g) of Blackwell et al.).

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In re claims 3 and 4, as applied to claim 1 Paragraph 4 above, **Kohara et**al. is silent about wherein the apertures occupy at least about 30 percent or at least about 60 percent of the area of the patterned metal foil.

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However, there is no evidence indicating the percentage range that the apertures occupy the area of the patterned metal foil is critical and it has been held that it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable percentage range of a result-effective variable within given prior art conditions by routine experimentation. See MPEP § 2144.05.

Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions of any unexpected results arising there from. Where patentability is aid to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

In re claim 5, as applied to claim 1 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the patterned metal foil **240** is coated on both sides with an insulating polymeric material **10** (see col. 10, lines 2-14 and FIG. 1(d) of Blackwell et al.). Note that, Applicants' claimed invention does not clearly specify wherein both sides of the patterned metal foil comprise a top side opposite to a bottom side.

In re claim 6, as applied to claim 5 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **lwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation

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wherein the patterned metal foil **240** is coated on both sides with the same insulating polymeric material **10** (see col. 10, lines 2-14 and FIG. 1(d) of Blackwell et al.). Note that, Applicants' claimed invention does not clearly specify wherein both sides of the patterned metal foil comprise a top side opposite to a bottom side.

In re claim 7, as applied to claim 5 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the patterned metal foil **240** is coated on its two sides with different insulating polymeric materials **10** (see col. 10, lines 2-14 and FIG. 1(d) of Blackwell et al.). Note that, Applicants' claimed invention does not clearly specify wherein both sides of the patterned metal foil comprise a top side opposite to a bottom side.

In re claim 8, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> in combination with <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein each of the thin film electronic devices lies entirely within the area of one aperture **50** in the metal foil **240** (see col. 10, lines 44-49 and FIG. 1(g) of Blackwell et al. and col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 9, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> in combination with <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein each of the thin film electronic devices extends across a plurality of apertures **50** in the metal foil **240** (see col. 10, lines 44-49 and FIG. 1(g) of Blackwell et al. and col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B of Iwanaga et al.).

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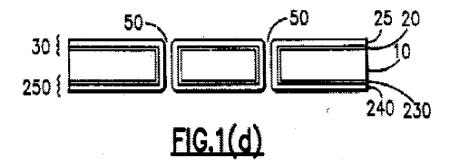
In re claim 10, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> in combination with <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including an electro-optic display comprising a backplane according to claim 1 (see col. 10, lines 44-49 and FIG. 1(g) of Blackwell et al. and col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B of Iwanaga et al.).

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In re claim 11, as applied to claim 10 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including an encapsulated electrophoretic electro-optic medium (see col. 10, lines 44-49 and FIG. 1(g) of Blackwell et al. and col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 12, **Blackwell et al.** disclose a backplane for use in an electrooptic display, the backplane comprising a metal foil **240** coated on at least one
side with an insulating polymeric material **10** and having a an integrated circuit
device **280** provided on the insulating polymeric material **10**, the backplane
further comprising at least one conductive via **50** extending through the polymeric
material **10** and electrically connecting at least one of the integrated circuit device **280** to the metal foil **240** (see col. 6, line 62 to col. 7, line 19, col. 10, lines 15-49
and FIGS. 1(a)-(g)),

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wherein the metal foil **240** serves as at least one of an antenna, an inductor loop, a power plane, a capacitor, a capacitor contact, a pixel electrode, and electromagnetic induction shielding (see col. 10, lines 2-14).

Blackwell et al. do not specifically disclose a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material.

<u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose a plurality of thin film transistors (TFTs) **32** provided on the insulating polymeric substrate **31** (see col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B).

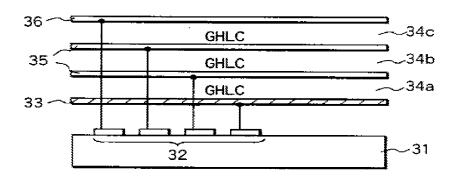


FIG.5B

As <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclosed, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide a plurality of thin film electronic devices on the insulating polymeric material in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device

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capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of lwanaga et al.).

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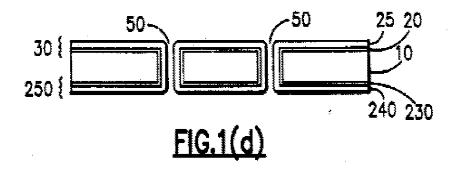
Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to modify **Blackwell et al.** reference with a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material as taught by **Iwanaga et al.** in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 14, as applied to claim 12 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including an electro-optic display comprising a backplane according to claim 12 (see col. 10, lines 44-49 and FIG. 1(g) of Blackwell et al. and col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 15, <u>Blackwell et al.</u> disclose an electro-optic display comprising a backplane, the backplane comprising a metal foil **240** coated on at least one side with an insulating polymeric material **10** and having an integrated circuit device **280** provided on the insulating polymeric material **10**, the backplane further comprising at least one conductive via **50** extending through the polymeric material **10** and electrically connecting at least one of the integrated circuit device **280** to the metal foil **240**, the electro-optic display having the form a smart card, the metal foil **240** serving to communication between the card and a card reading

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apparatus (see col. 6, line 62 to col. 7, line 19, col. 10, lines 15-49 and FIGS. 1(a)-(g)).



Blackwell et al. do not specifically disclose a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material.

<u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose a plurality of thin film transistors (TFTs) **32** provided on the insulating polymeric substrate **31** (see col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B).

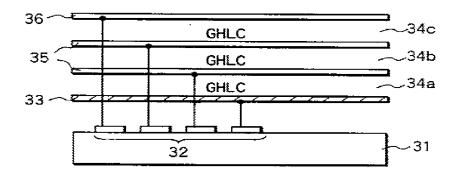


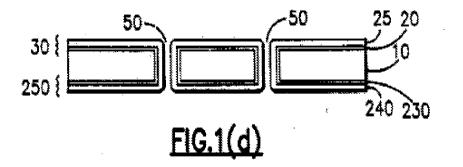
FIG. 5B

As <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclosed, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide a plurality of thin film electronic devices on the insulating polymeric material in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device

capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of lwanaga et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to modify **Blackwell et al.** reference with a plurality of thin film electronic devices provided on the insulating polymeric material as taught by **Iwanaga et al.** in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

In re claim 24, **Blackwell et al.** disclose an electro-optic display having a metal substrate **40**, the display having a central and a peripheral portion extending around at least part of the periphery of the central portion, the peripheral portion having an aperture **50** extending through the metal substrate **40**, by means of which apertures the electro-optic display may be stitched to a flexible medium (see col. 6, line 62 to col. 7, line 65 and FIGS. 1(a)-(g)).



Blackwell et al. do not specifically disclose that the electro-optic display comprising an electro-optic material and means for wiring an image on the electro-optic material.

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<u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclose an electro-optic display comprising an electro-optic material and means for wiring an image on the electro-optic material (see col. 41, lines 49-67 and FIGS. 5A-B).

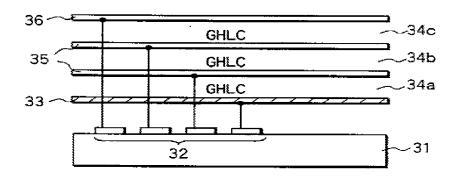


FIG. 5B

As <u>Iwanaga et al.</u> disclosed, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide an electro-optic display comprising an electro-optic material and means for wiring an image on the electro-optic material in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to modify **Blackwell et al.** reference with an electro-optic display comprising an electro-optic material and means for wiring an image on the electro-optic material as taught by **Iwanaga et al.** in order to obtain a liquid crystal display device capable of realizing a bright and clear color display (see col. 2, lines 42-44 of Iwanaga et al.).

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In re claim 25, as applied to claim 24 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the peripheral portion of such a display is free from the electro-optic material (see col. 6, line 62 to col. 7, line 65 of Blackwell et al.).

In re claim 26, as applied to claim 24 above, **Blackwell et al.** in combination with **Iwanaga et al.** disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the peripheral portion extends completely around the central portion so that the entire periphery of the electro-optic display can be stitched to the flexible medium (see FIGS. 1(a)-(g) of Blackwell et al.).

Response to Applicants' Amendment and Arguments

5. Applicants' arguments with respect to claims 1-12, 14, 15 and 24-26 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
examiner should be directed to KHIEM D. NGUYEN whose telephone number is
(571)272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00
AM - 6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Khiem D. Nguyen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2823